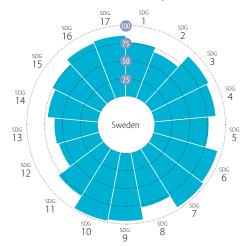
Overall Performance

Index score

Index Rank

Sweden

Performance by SDG



SDG Dashboards and Trends







































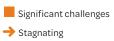


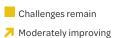














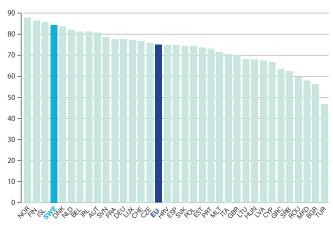


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Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available at: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals $Detailed\ results\ and\ methodology\ available\ on line\ at\ https://www.sdgindex.org/EU$

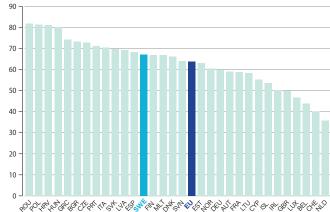
Leave No One Behind Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



Spillover Index

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



SWEDEN

Performance by Indicator

	Value Year 15.7 202		Trend	SDG8 – (continued) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	Value Year Ra 0.3 2018	atin _
everely materially deprived people (%)	1.8 2020		→	Victims of modern slavery embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.3 2018 87.8 2018	
overty headcount ratio at \$5.50/day (%)	1.0 2022		→	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	07.0 2010	
DG2 – Zero Hunger				Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)	3.5 2020	•
0	15.3 2019	9	1	R&D personnel (% of active population)	1.8 2020	
	2.54 2019		\rightarrow	Patent applications to the European Patent Office (per 1,000,000 population)		•
eld gap closure (%)	68.0 2018	8 •	•	Households with broadband access (%)	93 2021	•
3 13 7	26.1 2019		↑	Gap in internet access, urban vs rural areas (p.p.)	0 2021	•
	15.0 2019		1	Population with at least basic digital skills (%)	67 2021	•
ports of pesticides banned in the EU (kg per 1,000 population)	0.0 2019	9		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2 2018	•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3		
1 / / /	83.2 202		1	universities (worst 0–100 best)	64.7 2022	•
p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.3 2020	0	T	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	4.5 2021	
oulation with good or very good perceived health (% of population	72.4 202	1 •	→	SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities		
	19.1 202	1	1	Gini Coefficient	26.8 2021	•
p in self-reported unmet need for medical examination and care,			•	Palma ratio	0.98 2020	•
rincome (p.p.)	1.1 202		T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
v reported cases of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.6 2020	0	1	Urban population without access to green urban areas in their neighbourhood (%)	0.3 2018	•
ndardised preventable and treatable mortality (per 100,000 persons ged less than 75)	70.2 2019	9	1	Overcrowding rate among people living with below 60% of median	42.6 2021	
	12.8 2019	9 🛑	→	equivalized income (%)		
-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and				Recycling rate of municipal waste (%) Population living in a dwelling with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or	38.3 2020	•
nbient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	8 2019	9		foundation or rot in window frames or floor (%)	7.1 2020	•
tality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.6 2020		1	Housing cost overburden rate (%)	8.5 2021	
ble killed in road accidents (per 100,000 population)	2.0 2020		T	Exposure to air pollution: PM2.5 in urban areas (µg/m³)	5.8 2019	
iving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97 202		7	SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production		
ulation engaging in heavy, episodic drinking at least once a week (%) king prevalence (%)	3.8 2019 7 2020		T	Circular material use rate (%)	7.1 2020	
31 , ,	00.0 2020		4	Gross value added in environmental goods and services sector (% of GDP)	3.5 2019	•
•	13.4 202		†	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	15.7 2018	•
ective Wellbeing (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.4 202		†	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.7 2018	•
viduals that use the internet to make appointments with a practitioner(%)	28 2020	0 •	1	Production-based emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	12.7 2015	•
G4 – Quality Education				Imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	11.8 2015	
ricination in early childhood education (% of children between age of 3	05.0.202	0	•	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	9.5 2021	•
id starting age of compulsory primary education)	95.9 2020	0	Т	SDG13 - Climate Action		
y leavers from education and training (% of population aged 18 to 24)	8.4 202		\rightarrow	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.8 2020	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	02.5 2018		Ţ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.3 2018 67.5 2020	
derachievers in science (% of population aged 15) ation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	19.0 2018	8	Т	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	67.5 2020	•
ation in science performance explained by students, socio-economic atus (%)	12.7 2018	8 •	1	SDG14 - Life Below Water		
	49.3 202	1	1	Bathing sites of excellent quality (%)	75.5 2021	9
	34.7 202	1	1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) Fish caught by bottom trawling or dredging (%)	39.2 2018 22.8 2018	
G5 – Gender Equality				Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	6.7 2018	
	11.2 2020	0	1	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018	
nder employment gap (p.p.)	5.3 202		→	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	60.2 2021	
pulation inactive due to caring responsibilities (% of population aged	13.2 202	1	4	SDG15 – Life on Land		
J (O 64)				Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.1 2021	
	47.6 202		Ţ	Mean area that is protected in refreshmater sites important to biodiversity (%)		
	37.9 202		•	Biochemical oxygen demand in rivers (mg O ₂ /litre)	NA NA	•
	21.9 202	1 -		Nitrate in groundwater (mg NO ₃ /litre)	NA NA	
G6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.99 2022	•
ulation having neither a bath, nor a shower, nor indoor flushing toilet their household (%)	0.0 2020	0	1	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	1.6 2018	(
	96.0 2019	9	1	(per million population)		
hwater abstraction (% of long-term average available water)	0.7 2017		1	SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	4.0	
	576.0 2018		•	Death rate due to homicide (per 100,000 population)	1.0 2019	-
	99.8 2020		1	Population reporting crime in their area (%) Gap in population reporting crime in their area, by income (p.p.)	13.8 2020 0.3 2020	
ulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	94.9 2020	0	1	Access to justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.3 2020	
				Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.77 2020	
G7 - Affordable and Clean Energy	1.7 202	1	\rightarrow	Constraints on government power (worst 0–1 best)	0.87 2020	
O,			1	Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–100 best)	85 2021	•
ulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%)	60.1 2020		4	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	28.1 2019	•
oulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) re of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)	60.1 2020 0.2 2019	9	7			
ulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) re of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		9	7	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant 1990 million USD	2.10 2021	
oulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) tre of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) the emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) to Be - Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.2 2019		→	per 100,000 population)	2.10 2021	
oulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%)		0 •	→ ↑	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (worst 0–100 best)	2.10 2021 88.8 2022	
pulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) 2 emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO₂/TWh) DGB - Decent Work and Economic Growth stection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best) cost disposable income (€/capita)	0.2 2019 0.76 2020 5718 202	0 • 1 •	→ ↑ ↑	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (worst 0–100 best) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	88.8 2022	•
pulation unable to keep home adequately warm (%) are of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption (%) by emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Stection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best) Soss disposable income (€/capita) 25 uth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population ged 15 to 29)	0.2 2019 0.76 2020 5718 202 6.0 202	0 • 1 • 1	→ ↑ ↑	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (worst 0–100 best) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Official development assistance (% of GNI)	88.8 2022 0.91 2021	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Otection of fundamental labour rights (worst 0–1 best)	0.2 2019 0.76 2020 5718 202	0 • 1 • 1 • 0	→ ↑ ↑ ↓	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (worst 0–100 best) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	88.8 2022	